

Evolutionary Change Workshop The Foundation of the Kanban Method





Todd Little Chairman, Kanban University

Gene Lege Founder, Agile Earth



About Todd Chairman, Kanban University

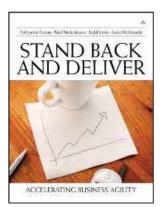
Executive roles as VP Product Development, Director of Software & Technology @toddelittle



















linkedin.com/in/toddelittle/





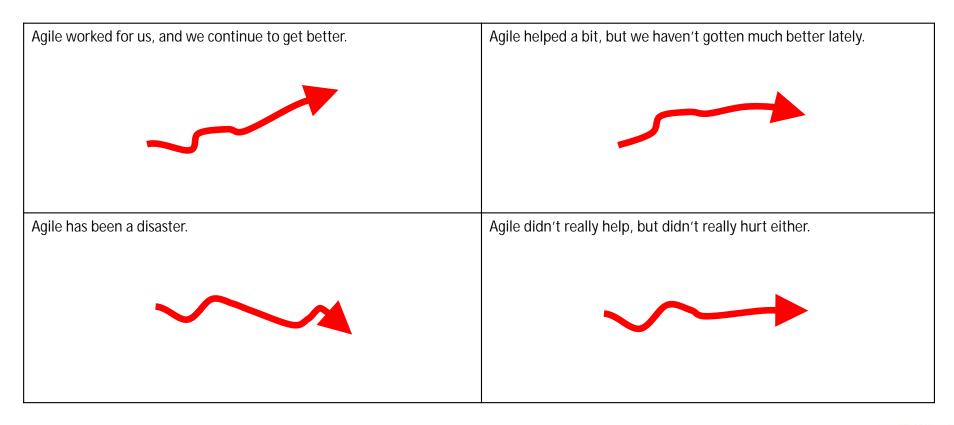
linkedin.com/in/gene-lege/







Outcomes from Agile Transformations





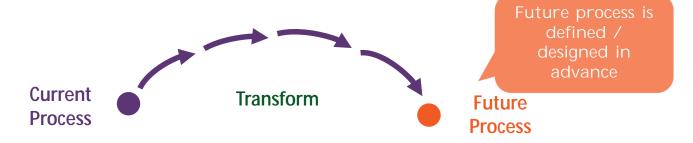
Poll – How did it go?

- Agile worked for us, and we continue to get better
- Agile helped a bit, but we haven't gotten much better lately
- Agile didn't really help, but didn't really hurt either
- Agile has been a disaster
- I haven't used Agile
- I hate Agile



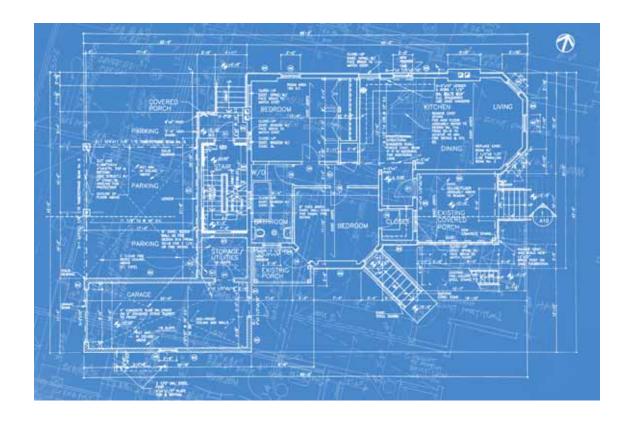


Traditional Transformation is an A to B Process





Big Design Up Front

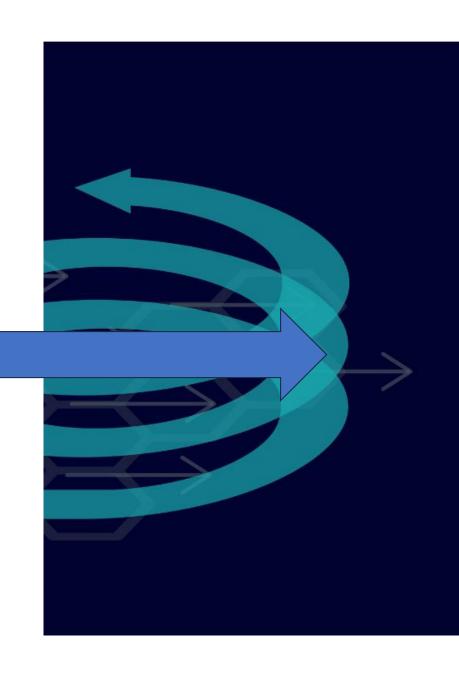


Start with what you do now

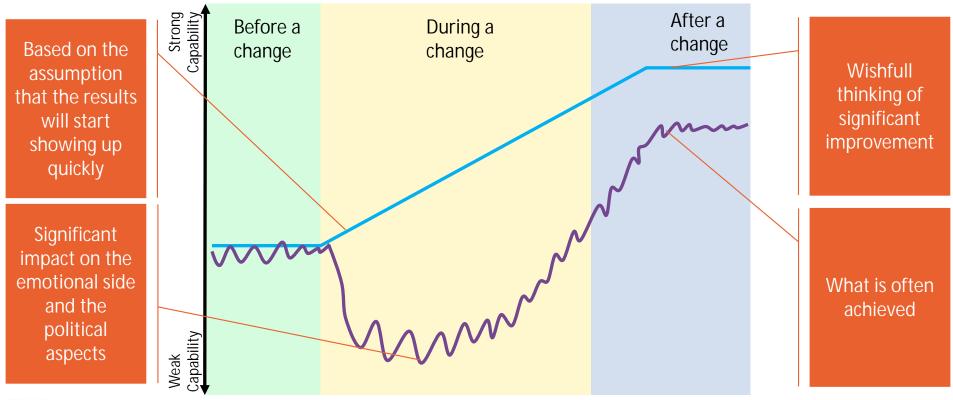
 Add Kanban principles and practices on top of your existing process or framework

Existing Process or Framework

- Kanban is NOT a Process Framework!
- Kanban IS a method for managing and improving knowledge work service delivery through evolutionary change

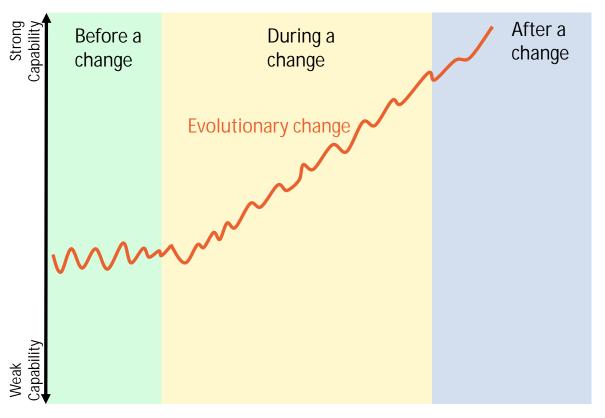


Impact of change plan on capability



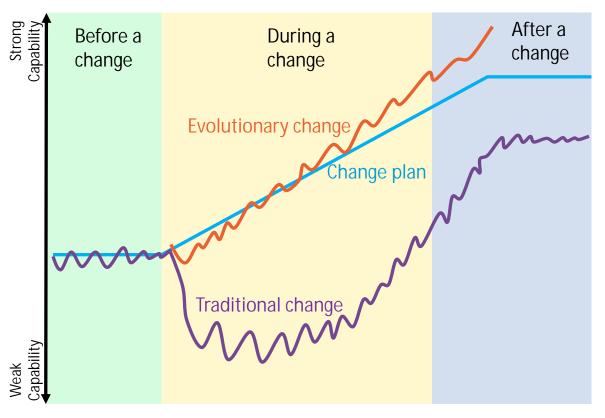


Impact of evolutionary change on capability

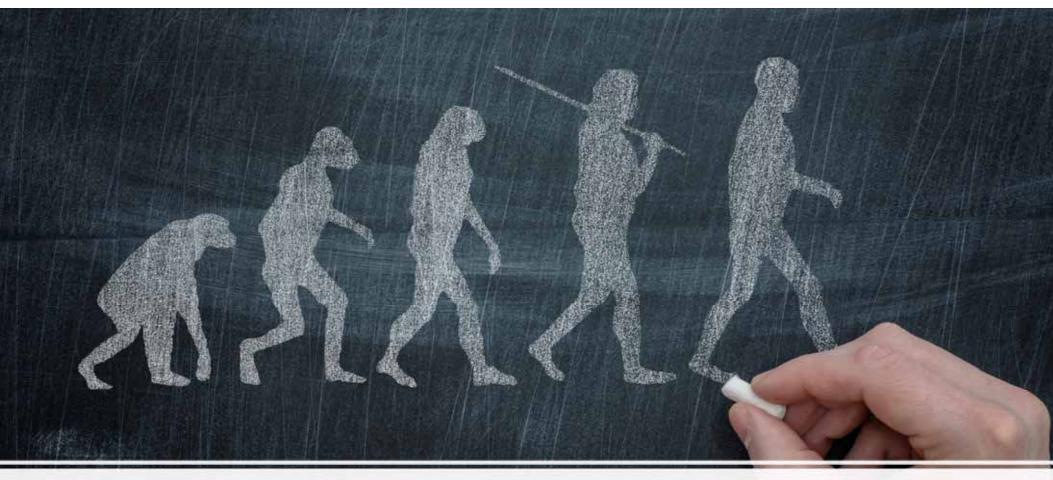




The three different progressions of change







Evolutionary Change is Humane

Two types of Evolution

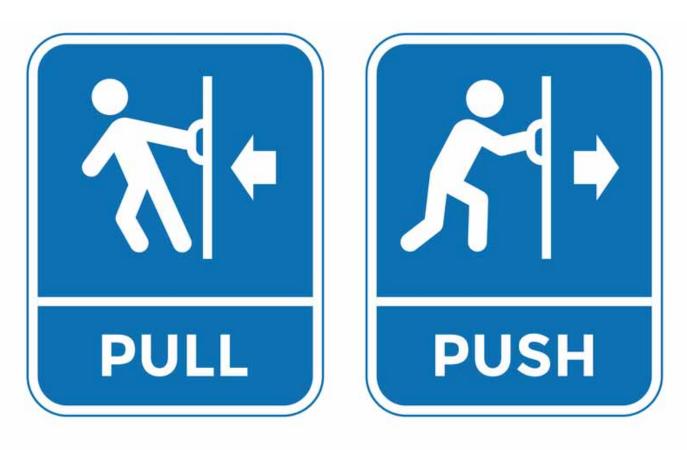
Darwinism / Gradualism

- Evolution generally occurs uniformly and by the steady and gradual transformation of whole lineages.
- This is what most people associate with "evolution".

Punctuated Equilibrium

 In response to rapidly changing environmental conditions there is a rapid burst of evolution – it is changing a whole lot in a very short amount of time.

Push vs. Pull





"People do not resist change, they resist being changed!"

Peter Senge



Change Management Principles

1

Start where you are!

2

Agree to pursue evolutionary change.

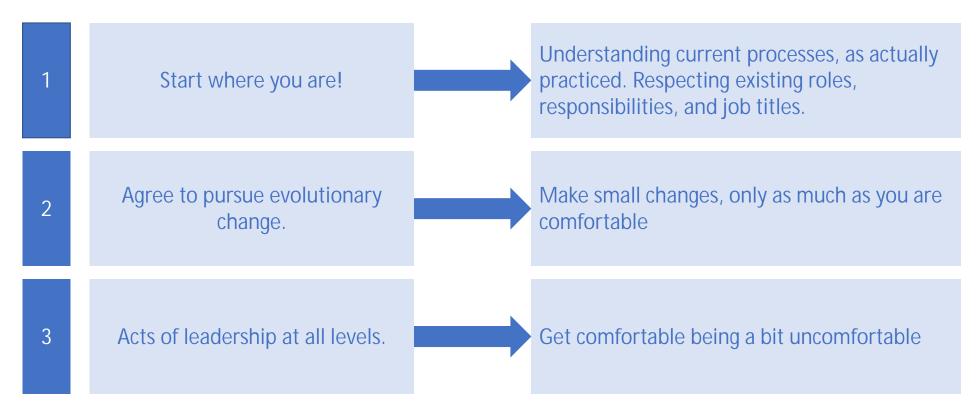
1

Acts of leadership at all levels.

With Kanban, we start by developing and visualizing a joint understanding of the current way of working.

Then, improvements are identified and implemented.

Change Management Principles



Evolutionary change formula

Areas to consider when planning out evolutionary change.





The Change Potion

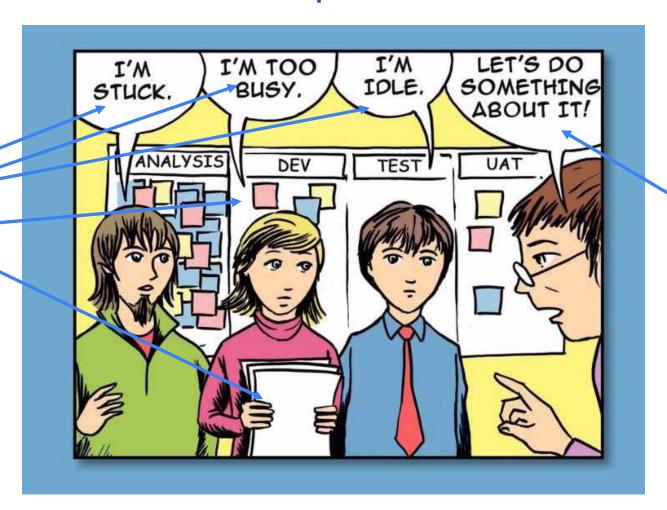
Feedback Loops - Reflection

Feedback Mechanisms

Communication Meetings

Board

Reports and Metrics



Feedback Loop

Acts of Leadership







Feedback without action is not a feedback loop.



Feedback Loop?







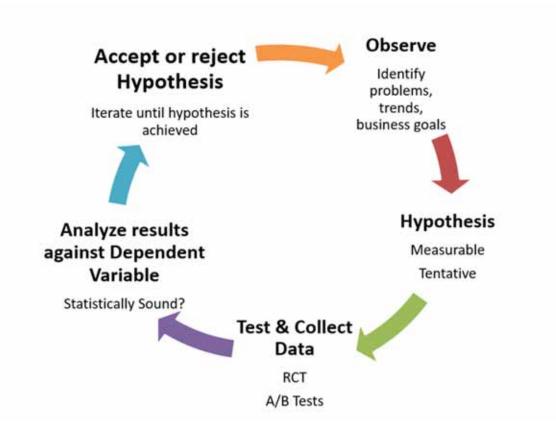
Don't leave it to chance: **MANAGED** Evolution



Only mutate that which isn't working well. Preserve that which is.

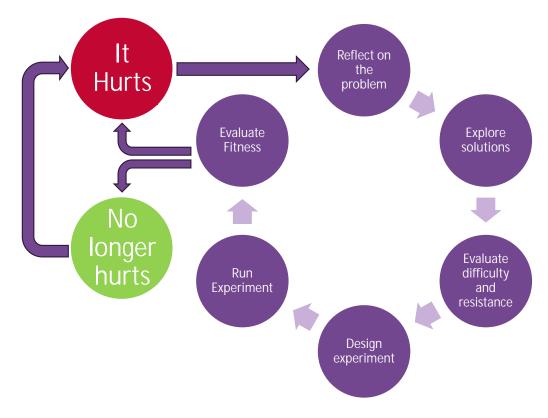


The Scientific Method





Improve collaboratively, evolve experimentally





It Hurts

Here is what hurt for my team.

Software engineers push work onto the testers and expect immediate feedback?

we receive mixed or conflicting messages from different team members Feeling isolated in our individual tasks without a clear view of the bigger picture

We're lacking feedback

Environment is "down" too much and too long

we're constantly set up for failure with goals that are unrealistic sprint scope keeps changing

> our sprint goals aren't clear, and it's like we're shooting in the dark

Voicing concerns are being largely ignored

Testing takes way too long!



It hurts - pain

Brainstorm pains that you have encountered. Write one pain per sticky.

Are there additional aspects to include when describing the problem?

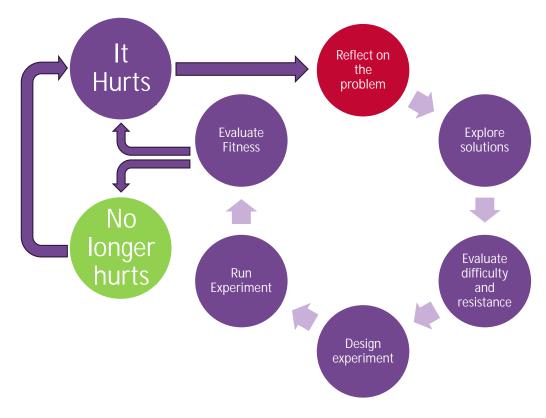
Is the pain clear, unique, and understandable?

Within your group(s), identify the top 3 pains.





Improve collaboratively, evolve experimentally





Reflecting on the problems

we're constantly set up for failure with goals that are unrealistic

Poor goal setting

Inadequate resources

Stakeholders make promises before we see them

Our metrics are misaligned We dug deeper behind the pains and found the following causes.

Sprint scope keeps changing

Testing takes way

too long!

Lack of clear vision



Discover things in the middle of the Sprint

QA is overloaded

Too many defects

Test automation isn't in place Weak definition of done



Choose 1 problem and reflect in and identify the top pains

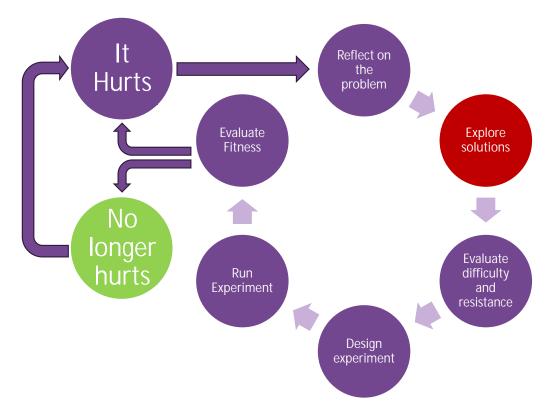
What are possible causes of the pains that could be a real problem?

Within your group(s), identify the top 3 causes that you think might be actionable.





Improve collaboratively, evolve experimentally





Visualize

Show work and its flow.

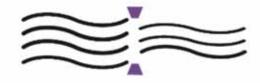
Visualize risks.

Build a visual model that reflects
how you actually work.



Limit Work in Progress

Stop starting, start finishing!
Left yields to right.
Limit work in
the system to available capacity.



Manage Flow

Flow is the movement of work.

Manage flow to be smooth

and predictable.

Use data.



Make policies explicit

Have agreed policies, visible to everyone involved.

- Pull Criteria
- WIP Limits
- Classes of Service
- Dependencies and blocker handling



-

Establish Feedback loops



Establish feedback loops at an appropriate cadence. Foster collaboration, learning, and improvements.

Data-driven.

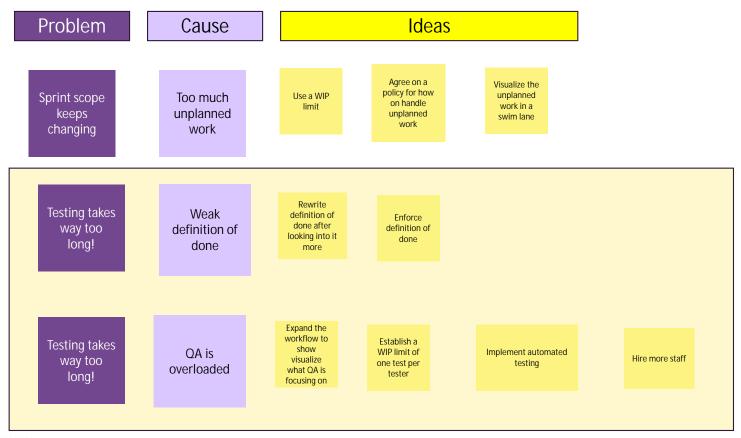
Improve collaboratively, evolve experimentally

Using the scientific method. Hypothesis-driven change. Run safe-to-fail experiments.





The Scrum Teams' ideas





Explore ideas

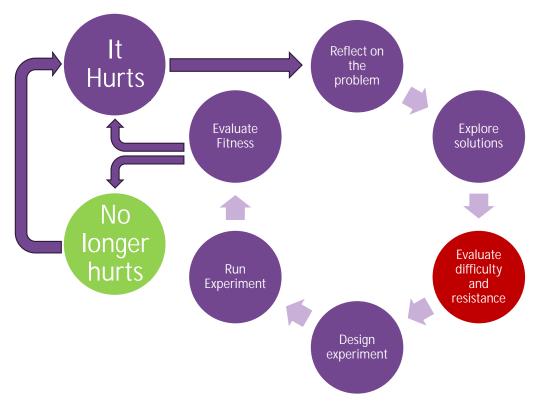
Brainstorm solutions that may address your problems. One solution per sticky. As many solutions as time permits.

Within your group, identify the top 2-3 solutions per problem-cause.

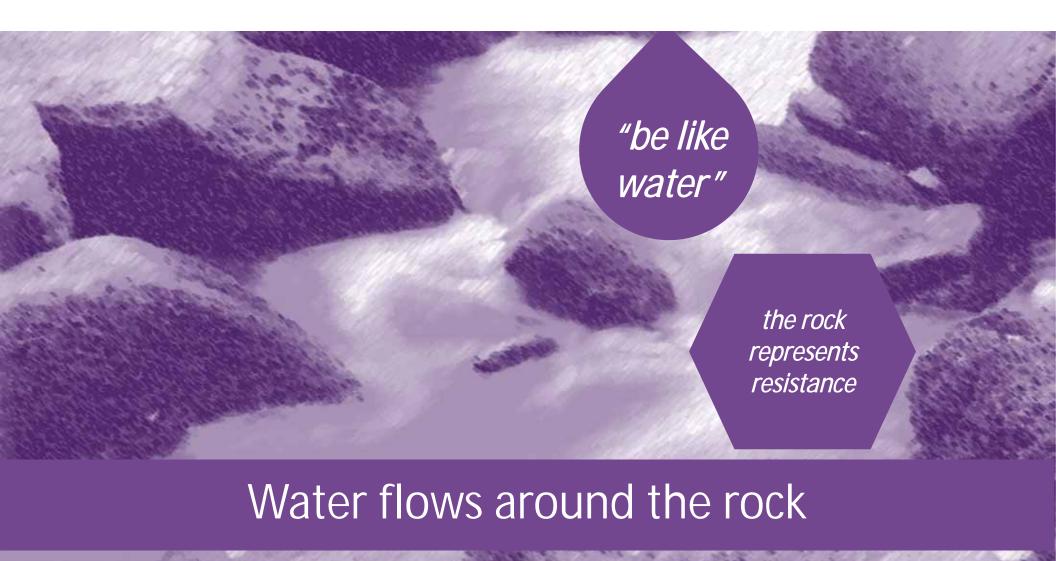




Improve collaboratively, evolve experimentally









Fists of Fury





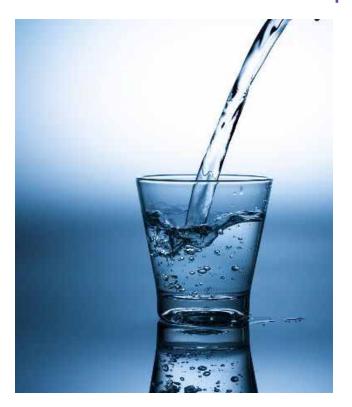
Official Licensed Material, Copyright © 2024 Kanban University

Be Water my Friend





Water becomes the cup



We can't be agile unless we change the culture!

Agile needs to adapt to culture as much as culture needs to adapt to agile.



Bruce Lee died from drinking too much water, new study claims

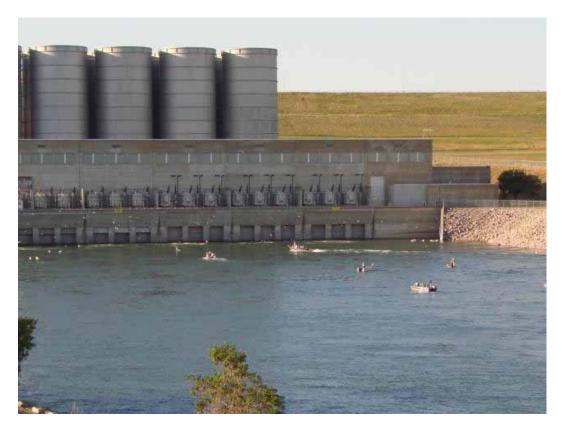


Too much water





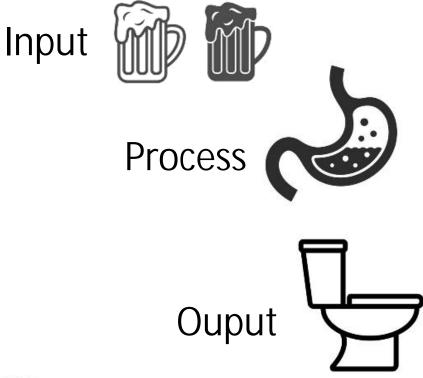
Water runs in the family





Official Licensed Material, Copyright © 2024 Kanban University

Be Like Water – College Chem E Version Input – Output = Accumulation









Water can flow







Patterns in Water







Dam it



Water can crash!





Why Around the Rocks?

B.C.





Around the rocks in real life



• Run experiments









Attributes for an idea

Resistance from people

Who will resist your idea? How much? A little or a lot?

Technical difficulty

How hard is your idea from a technical perspective? Really easy?

Does it require iterations to learn and then put it into place (e.g., hard work)?

Ability to influence

How much autonomy do you or your team have to put the idea into place without consulting others?



Deeper Dive into Resistance

Resistance to the Problem

- I don't agree that is a problem, or don't think it is important
- I actually benefit from the problem

Resistance to the Solution

- I don't agree that the proposed solution will work, or I have a better solution
- The solution harms me

Resistance to the Implementation

- I don't agree with your proposed implementation, or I have a better implementation
- The implementation harms me



Deeper Dive into Resistance

	Disagree	Pain
Resistance to the Problem	I don't agree that is a problem, or don't think it is important	I actually benefit from the problem
Resistance to the Solution	I don't agree that the proposed solution will work, or I have a better solution	The solution harms me
Resistance to the Implementation	I don't agree with how you propose to implement the solution, or I have a better implementation	The implementation harms me



Resistance from people Technical difficulty

Defer

Low

Assist

Straight ahead

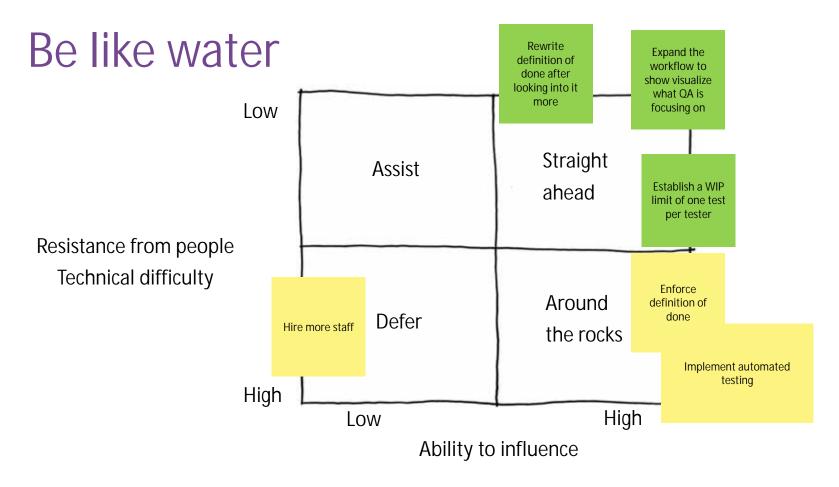
Around the rocks

High

Low

Ability to influence







Review your ideas and ask three questions.

How likely is the idea to be resisted? How difficult is the idea, technically? How much autonomy do we have to execute the idea?

Map the ideas on the chart provided.



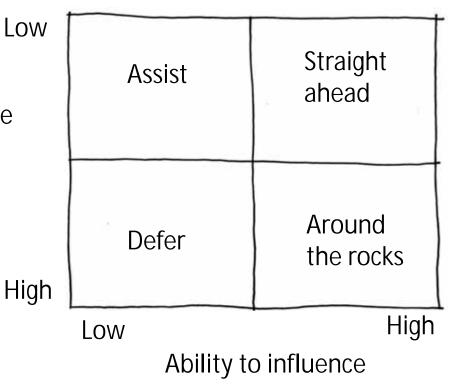


Resistance from people Technical difficulty

Review your ideas and ask three questions.

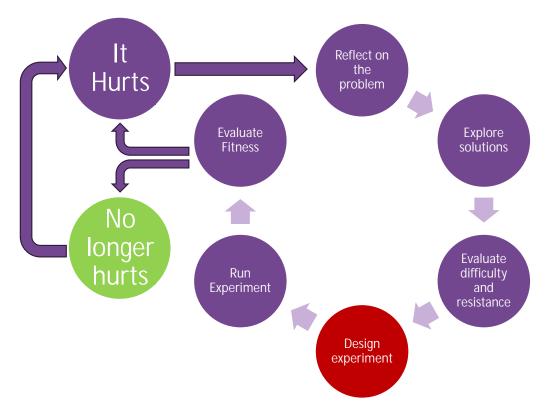
How likely is the idea to be resisted? How difficult is the idea, technically? How much autonomy do we have to execute the idea?

Map the ideas on the chart provided.





Improve collaboratively, evolve experimentally





The Scrum Team's experiment

We believe that if we ...

Expand the workflow to show visualize what QA is focusing on

Rewrite definition of done after looking into it more

Establish a WIP limit of one test per tester Rosie's team felt they were comfortable taking on all three of these experiments at the same time.

Your team may want to choose one at a time. That's OK!

We will be able to address ...

Testing takes way too long!



What is your experiment?

Copy your problem and ideas into the "experiments" area below.

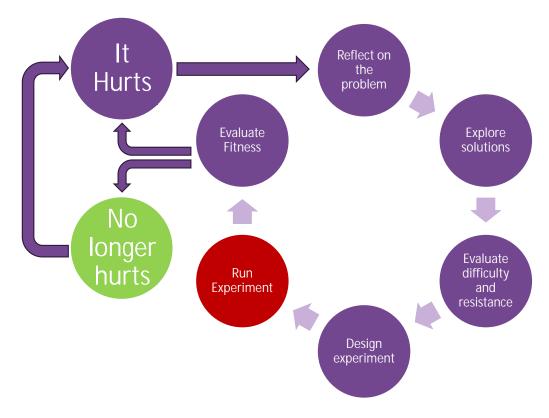
Be prepared to explain your experiment and how you will know if it is succeeding or not.

Be prepared to call out any Kanban Practices that are used.



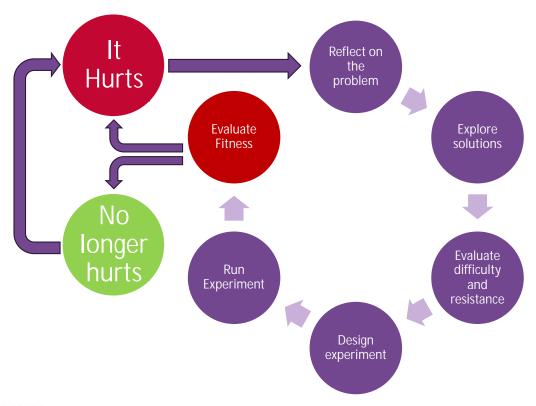


Improve collaboratively, evolve experimentally





Improve collaboratively, evolve experimentally



Options to consider

Do we roll back a change if it's not fit?

Even if the pain is there, do we want to keep the change and try something new?

If the pain is gone, we want to explore for another pain.

If there doesn't appear to be an obvious pain, consider taking a KMM class to further expand on evidence of hidden pains in your team and organization.



Feedback is the breakfast of champions.

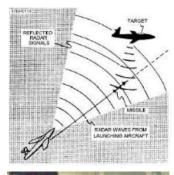
Ken Blanchard

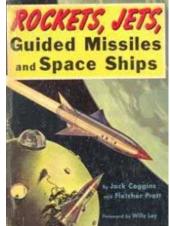


Evolutionary Change Future maturity Evaluate is emergent Fitness Evaluate Fitness Evaluate Fitness Evaluate forward Fitness Evaluate Fitness Initial Maturity **Evolving** Maturity



Gordon the Guided Missile

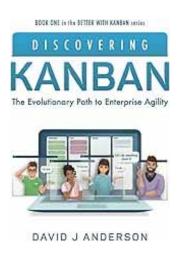














FREE!









